口を見らるがはな

I Integration around unit Circules:

ے فی هذا الجزء فعاول الإستفارة مم قواعد حکامل الدوال الركبة بأن نحول بعون الورور القياسة إلى تكاملات يمكم حمايها بقواعد الدرال المركبة وعكس هذه التحويلة لمعرفة التكامل المسلا.

الحالة الأولى: قكاملات جنورها (١٥١هـ ٥) وتعتوى على دوال منائية فقط. (الفكرة)

مع الحدود من (II عرص) أنها إذا كانت والرَّة تكرم قد لفت الله لفة Jak égaza Mitel Mezis anail Miter.

$$|z|=1$$
 $z=e^{i\theta}$ $\frac{1}{z}=e^{-i\theta}$

$$Z = Cos\theta + i sin\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{Z} = Cos\theta - i sin\theta \longrightarrow (2)$$

$$Cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} \left(Z + \frac{1}{Z} \right)$$

$$sin \theta = \frac{1}{2i} \left(Z - \frac{1}{Z} \right)$$

(2) (11) enz

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$$d\theta = \frac{dz}{iz} \rightarrow (**)$$

Cos
$$\Theta$$
 (sin Θ quito Θ (Θ) Θ (Θ) Θ) Θ) Θ (Θ) Θ) Θ) Θ) Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0)) Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0)) Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0)) Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0)) Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0)) Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0)) Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0)) Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0)) Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0)) Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0 (Θ 0)) Θ 0 (Θ 0)) Θ 0 (Θ 0 (

$$\sin\theta = \frac{1}{2i2}\left(z - \frac{1}{z}\right)$$
; $d\theta = \frac{dz}{iz}$; $|Z| = 1$

$$I = \oint \frac{dz}{iz}$$

$$|z|=1 |z|=1 |z|=$$

$$= \oint \frac{2 dz}{z^2 + 4iz - 1}$$

Youts =
$$-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} = -4i \pm \sqrt{-16 + 4}$$

$$|Z_{\delta}| = \sqrt{\delta^2 + (-2 + \sqrt{3})^2} i^2$$

$$Z_0 = \sqrt{3} - 2 < 1$$

$$Z_{1} = -2i - \sqrt{3}i$$

$$Z_1 = (-2 - \sqrt{3})i$$

$$Z_1 = \sqrt{\delta^2 + (-2 - \sqrt{3})^2 i^2}$$

$$Z_1 = 2 + \sqrt{3} + 7$$

$$T = \oint \frac{2dz}{(z-z_1)} = 2\pi i \left(\frac{2}{z_0-z_1}\right) = \frac{4\pi i}{2\sqrt{3}i} = \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$|z|=1 = 1$$

* 14 ed ..

١- عندما تكرم زاورة الدوال م أكار ظهر في المسألة Sinno (Cosno 2TT com o mo south

$$z^n = e^{in\theta}$$

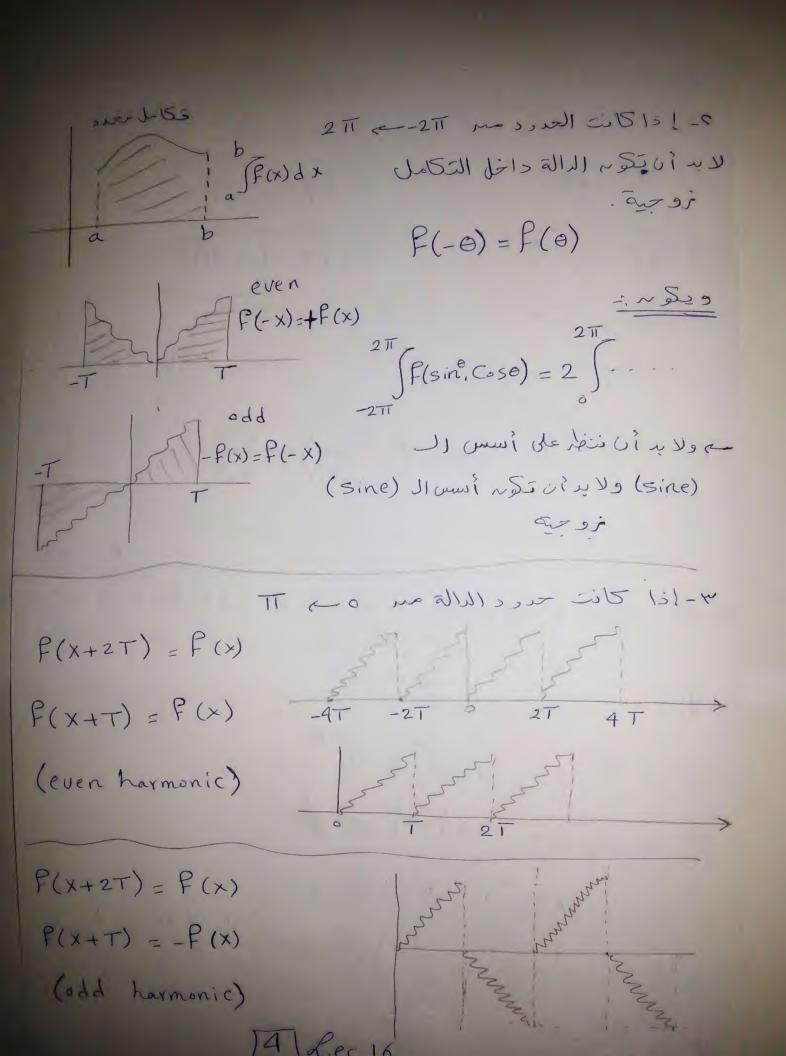
$$z^n = in\theta$$
 $Z = e$

$$z^n = Cos(n\theta) + i sin(n\theta)$$

$$z^n = Cos(n\theta) - i sin(n\theta)$$

$$Cos(n\theta) = \frac{1}{2} \left(z^n + \frac{1}{z^n} \right) (sin(n\theta) = \frac{1}{2i} \left(z^n - \frac{1}{z^n} \right)$$

$$d\theta = \frac{dz}{iz}$$



$$\int_{2\pi}^{2\pi} \int_{S}^{2\pi} f(\sin\theta, \cos\theta) d\theta$$

$$\int_{S}^{2\pi} f(\sin\theta, \cos\theta) d\theta = \int_{S}^{2\pi} \int_{S}^{2\pi} f(\sin\theta, \cos\theta) d\theta$$

$$\int_{S}^{2\pi} f(\sin\theta, \cos\theta) d\theta = \int_{S}^{2\pi} \int_{S}^{2\pi} f(\theta) d\theta$$

$$\int_{S}^{2\pi} f(\theta) = \int_{S}^{2\pi} \int_{S}^{2\pi} f(\theta) d\theta$$

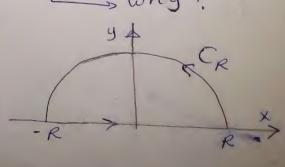
$$\int_{S}^{2\pi} f(\theta) = \int_{S}^{2\pi} \int_{S}^{2\pi} f(\theta) d\theta$$

$$\int_{S}^{2\pi} f(\cos\theta) = \int_{S}^{2\pi} f(\cos\theta) d\theta$$

$$\int_{S}^{2\pi} f($$

I = i
$$\int (z^6 + 1)$$
 $|z| = 1$
 $|z| = 1$

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$$\int_{CR} F(z)dz = \int_{R} F(x) dx + \int_{CR} F(z)dz$$

$$\int_{R} F(z)dz = \int_{R} F(x) dx + \int_{R} F(z)dz$$

$$\int_{R} F(z)dz = \int_{R} F(z)dz$$

$$\int_{R} F(z)dz$$

 $Z = (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}$

$$(x+iy)^{\frac{1}{n}} = r^{\frac{1}{n}} \left[C.s \left(\frac{\theta \pm 2KT}{n} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{\theta \pm 2KT}{n} \right) \right]$$

$$x = -1, y = 0 \implies r = 1 \ (\theta = \tan^{\frac{1}{n}} - \frac{1}{n}) = T$$

$$(-1)^{\frac{1}{n}} = Cos \left(\frac{T+2KT}{4} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{T+2KT}{4} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{T+2KT}{4} \right) , K = 0,1,2,...$$

$$K = 0 \implies Z_0 = Cos \frac{T}{4} + i \sin \frac{T}{4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$K = 1 \implies Z_1 = Cos \frac{3T}{4} + i \sin \frac{3T}{4} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad i \qquad Z_3 = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$X = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad i \qquad Z_3 = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$X = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad i \qquad Z_3 = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$Z_3 = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad i \qquad Z_3 = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$Z_4 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad i \qquad Z_3 = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad i \qquad Z_3 = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad i \qquad Z_3 = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad Z_4 = 1$$

$$Z_4 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad i \qquad Z_4 = 1$$

$$Z_4 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad i \qquad Z_4 = 1$$

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$$Z_4 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad i \qquad Z_4 = 1$$

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· Contour dels ées e Z, 120 · e-

Res
$$f(z) = Lim(z-z_0) - \frac{1}{(z-z_0)(z-z_1)(z-z_2)(z-z_3)}$$

$$=\frac{1}{(Z_{\circ}-Z_{1})(Z_{\circ}-Z_{2})(Z_{\circ}-Z_{3})}=\frac{1}{\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(\frac{2i}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}+\frac{2i}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}$$

Res
$$f(z) = Lim(z-z_1) - \frac{1}{(z-z_2)(z-z_2)(z-z_3)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(z_1-z_2)(z_1-z_2)(z_1-z_3)} = \frac{1}{(\frac{-2}{\sqrt{z}})(\frac{-2}{\sqrt{z}}+\frac{2i}{\sqrt{z}})(\frac{2i}{\sqrt{z}})}$$

$$I = 2\pi i \left(Res F(z) + Res F(z) \right)$$
 $z = z_0$
 $z = z_1$

as R -> 0

$$I_{1} = \int \frac{dx}{x^{4}+1} \qquad i \qquad I_{2} = \int \frac{dz}{z^{4}+1}$$

مع لا تبات أم هذا التكامل = ومقر أم انوبل إلى أم ه التكامل وعن . ولا يوجد عقياس بالسالي فلا بدأن يكم التكامل وعن .

الخطوات ١) أنه نوزع المقياس دافل التكامل. (<). m bi de bibini (2 (3) الله الشارة فؤور مدجب تخليها سالب وإذا كانت سالي تخليها موجي محتى تكويم الكمية معافظة على علاقة (<) me 19'1 $|I_2| \leqslant \frac{|dz|}{z^4+1} \leqslant \frac{|dz|}{|z|^4-1}$ |Z|=R=DZ=Re 0 < 0 < T dz = i R e do |dz| = |i||R||e|de|de |dz| = Rde I2 < "5 Rdo ADRADA $R \rightarrow \infty$ $\Rightarrow 0$ I2 <0 => I2 =0 $I_1 = I_0 = \int \frac{dx}{x^4 + i} = 2\pi i \left(Res + Res \right)$ Lec 16 10